



Alachua County Pavement Management Program 2023 CIP Analysis

Determining the impact of weighting project
selection to Areas of Inequity

January 17, 2023



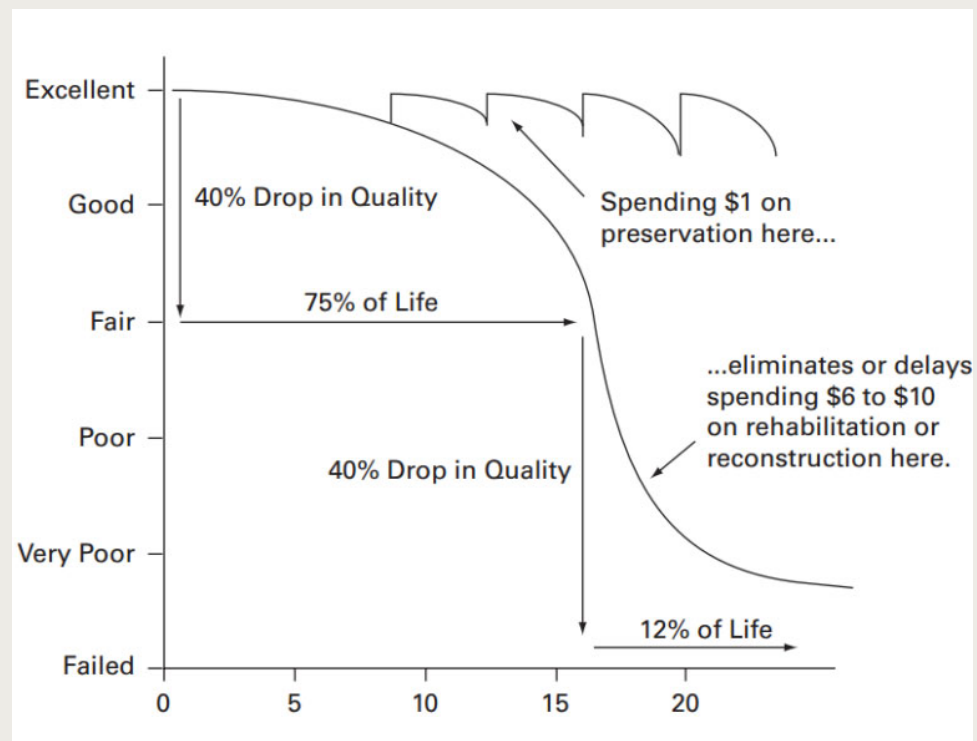
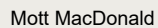


Pavement Management Overview



January 17, 2023

Alachua County,
Florida

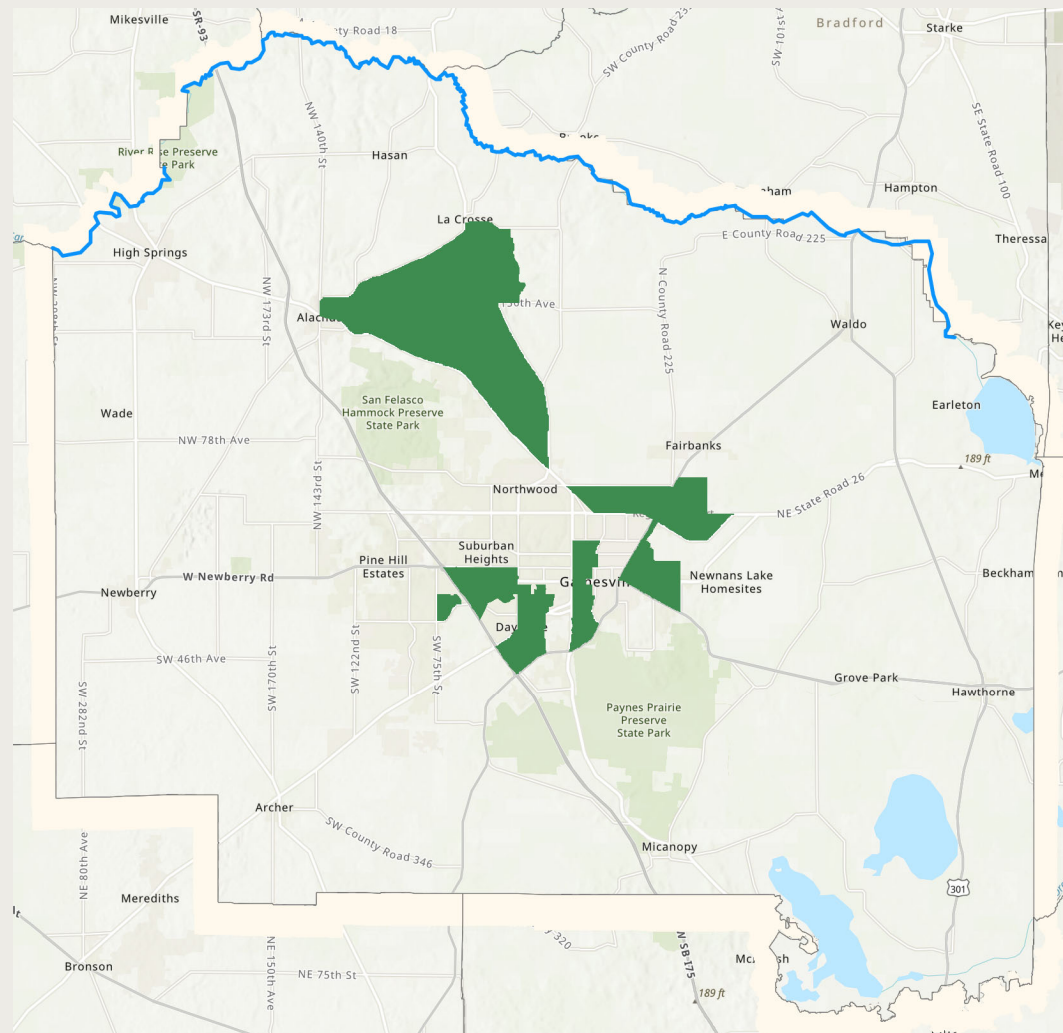


Inequity Area Development

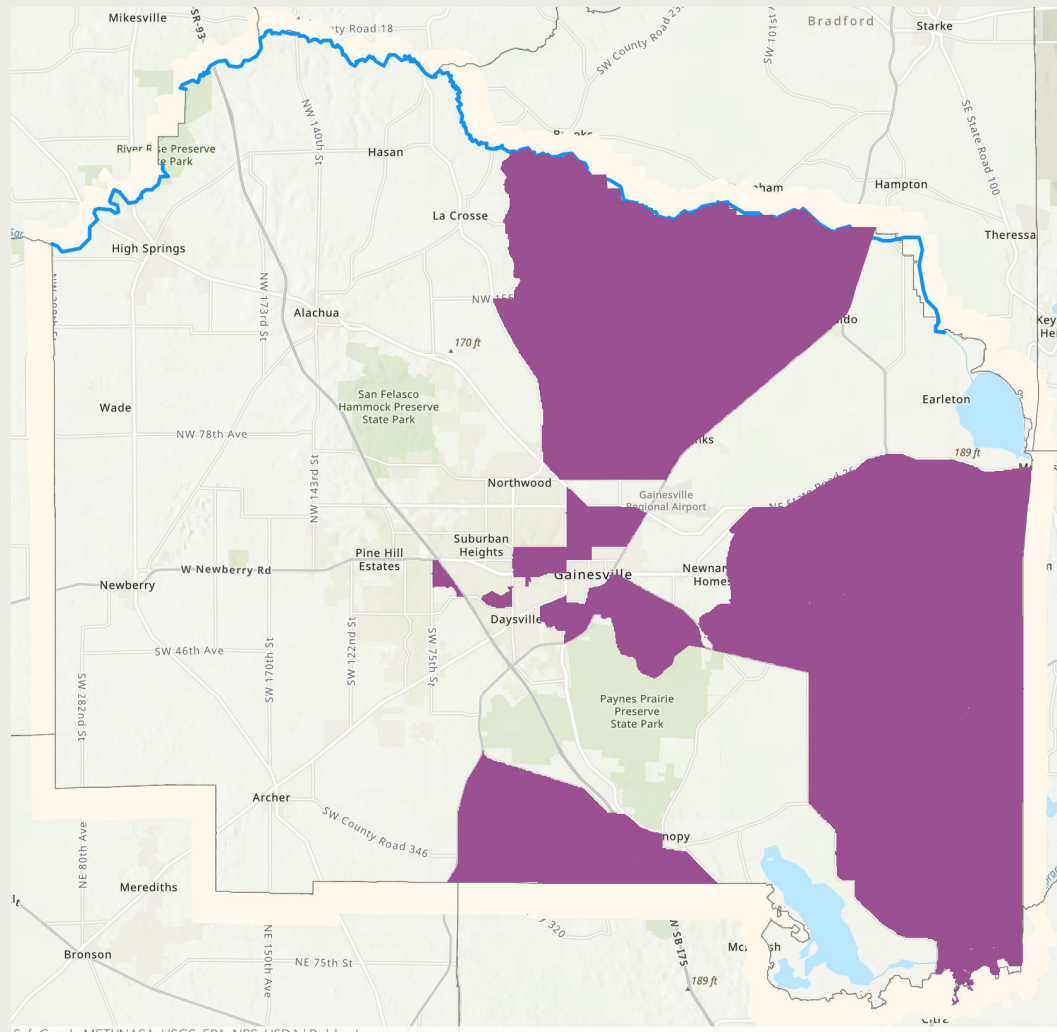


- **Board Direction to develop a metric to evaluate equity in the pavement management program**
- **Staff utilized three metrics to identify Inequity Areas:**
 - U.S. Housing and Urban Development Qualified Census Tracts
 - 50 percent of households with incomes below 60 percent of the Area Median Gross Income (AMGI) OR
 - have a poverty rate of 25 percent or more
 - Census Tracts with Median Income <185% of Federal Poverty Guideline
 - Properties with residential improvement values in the bottom 20% of all values
 - Added a buffer of 1,320 ft.
- **Population in Inequity Area:**
 - 2020 Population is just less than 90,000, or about 1/3 of County Population
 - Includes both incorporated and unincorporated residents

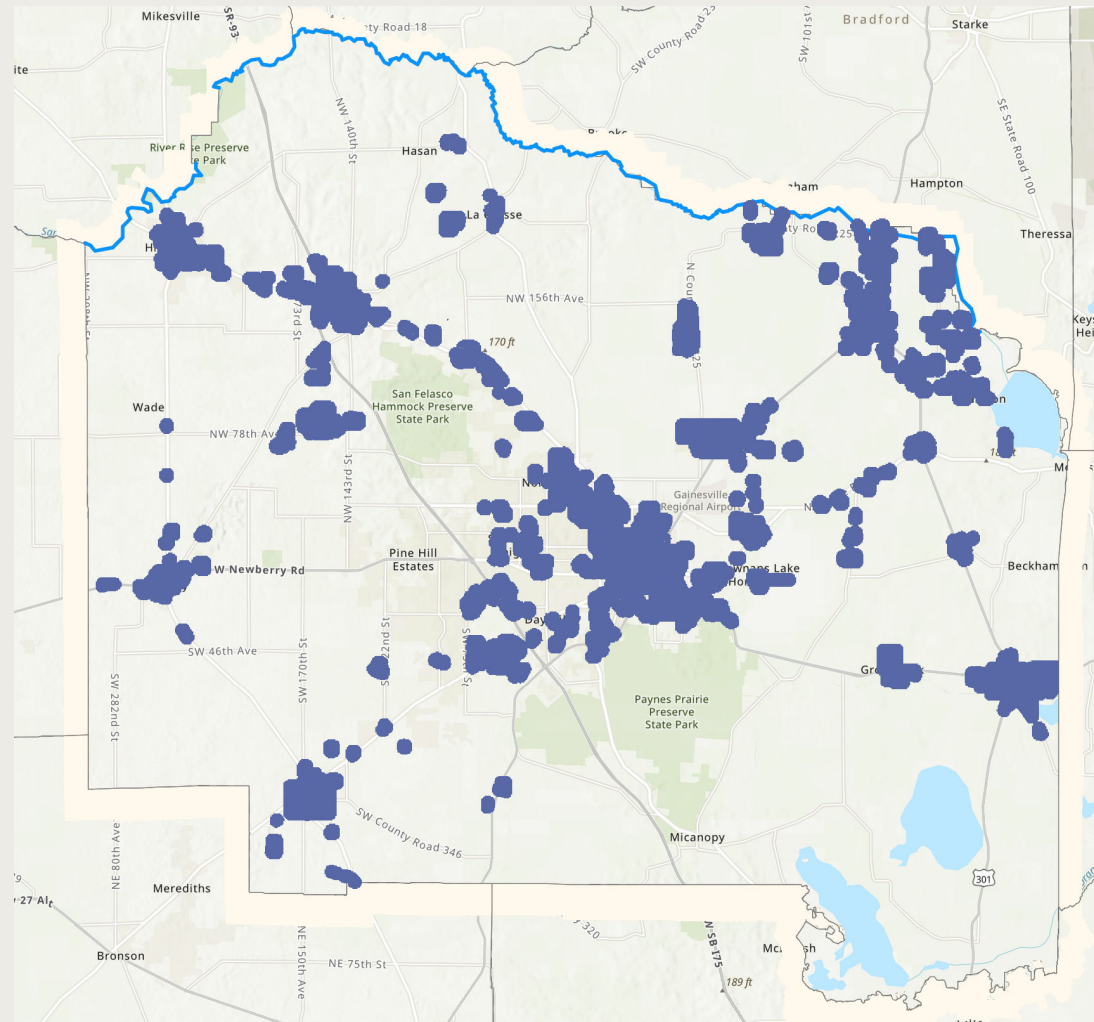
HUD Qualified Census Tracts



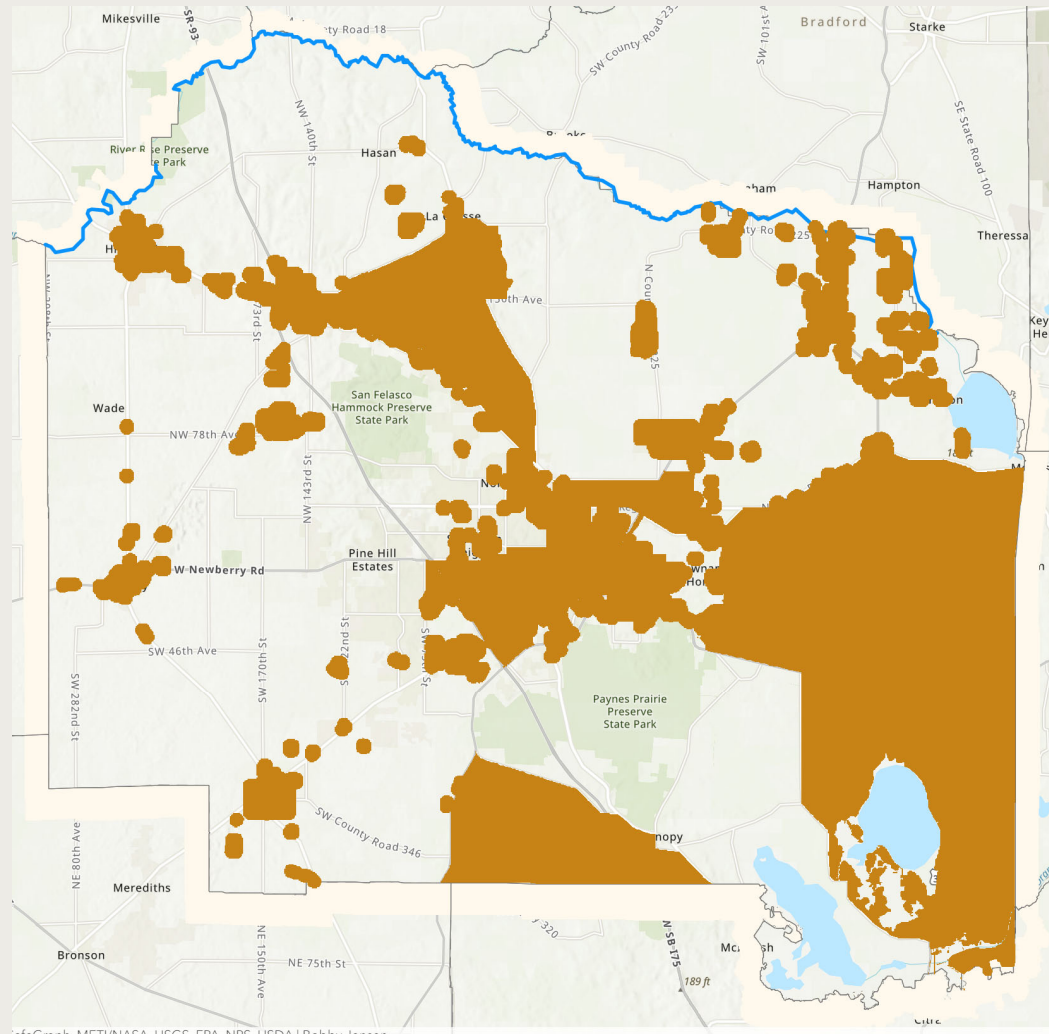
Median Income < 185% Federal Poverty Guidelines



Alachua County,
Florida



Final Inequity Areas





PMP Inequity Areas

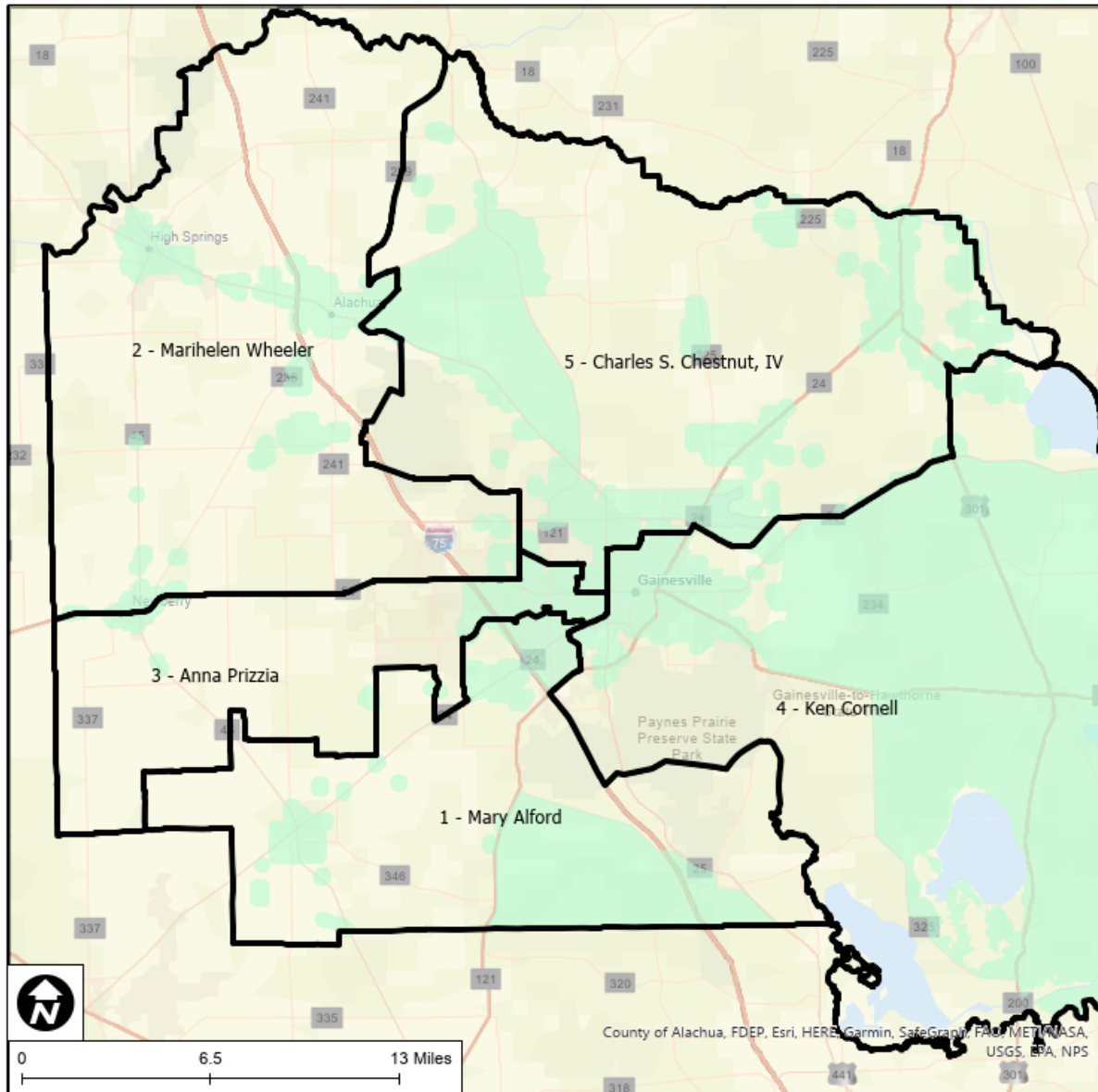
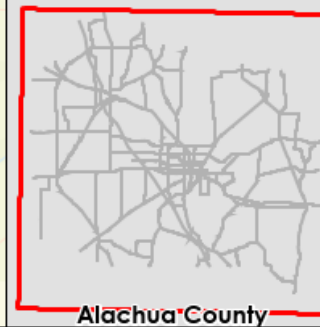
Legend

-  Commissioner Districts
-  Inequity Focus Areas

ALACHUA COUNTY PUBLIC WORKS

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Prepared by: PW GIS



County of Alachua, FDEP, Esri, HERE, Garmin, SafeGraph, FAO, METRONASA, USGS, EPA, NPS

PMP Analysis Overview



Baseline Scenario (Assumptions Provided to Consultant)

- **Includes Surtax with Base budget in 2023 = \$17.7 Million**
 - Includes Infrastructure Surtax, Gas Tax, & General Fund Transfers
- **Includes 2% Budget Escalation each year of the analysis**
- **Includes 3% Cost Inflation each year of the analysis**
- **Cap Low Volume Roadway Investment at \$500,000 per year (2.8% based on 1st year)**

Areas of Inequity Analysis Scenarios:

- **20% Benefit Increase (Base Benefit * 1.2)**
- **25% Benefit Increase (Base Benefit * 1.25)**
- **30% Benefit Increase (Base Benefit * 1.3)**

So, what does this mean? Let's review Benefit/Cost Optimization...

PMP Analysis Overview

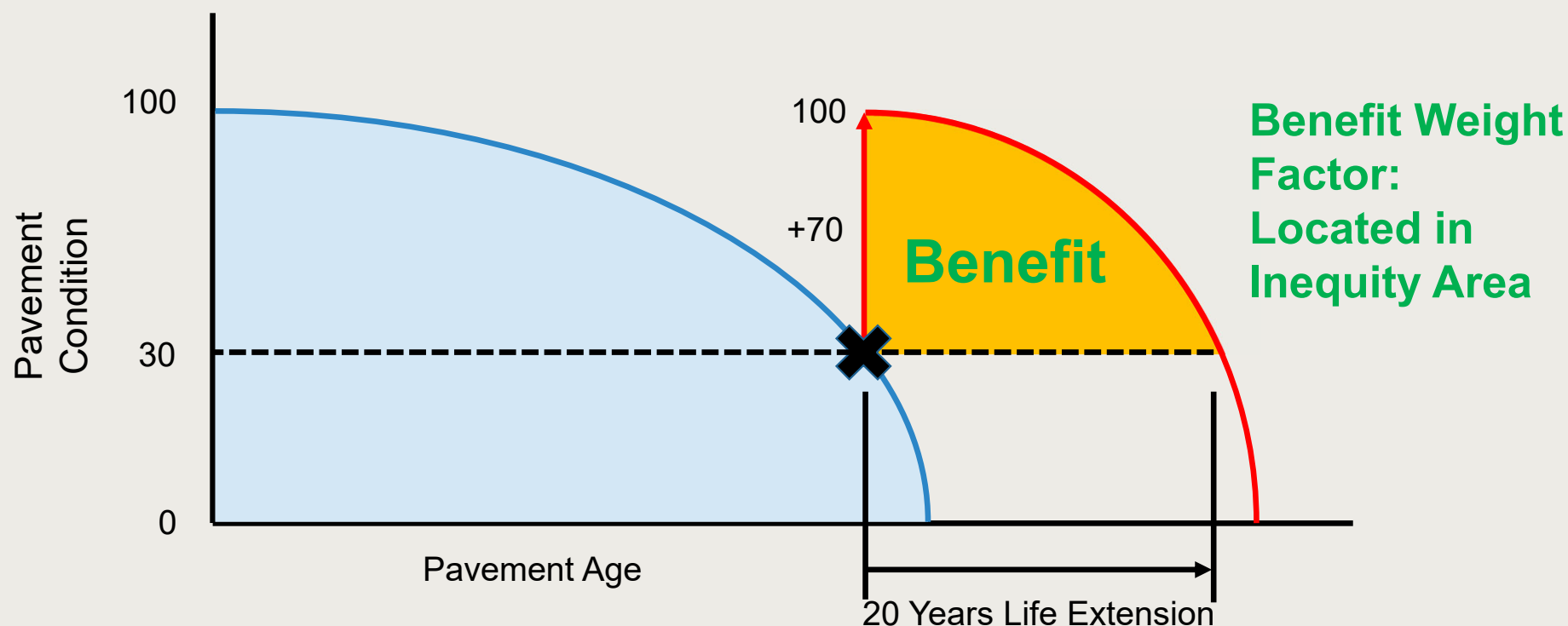


**Condition Improvement = 70 PCI Points
(100-30)**

Life Extension = 20 Years

Benefit = Condition Improvement * Life Extension

The Objective of Optimization – Maximize the Amount of Benefit from the Work Plan under Limited Budget



$$\text{Benefit} = \text{Condition Improvement} * \text{Life Extension} * \text{Benefit Weighting}$$

Let's see an Example of how this works...



CR 235 from: SR26 | to: NW 62 Ave
PCI = 38
Treatment = Rehab (Major)
In Inequity Area



CR 235 from: NW 62 Ave | to: NW 94 Ave
PCI = 38
Treatment = Rehab (Major)
Not In Inequity Area





Let's see an Example of how this works...

CR 235 from: SR26 | to: NW 62 Ave
PCI = 38
Treatment = Rehab (Major)
In Inequity Area (Benefit Wt. = 1.2)
Assumed Cost = \$8 Million

CR 235 from: NW 62 Ave | to: NW 94 Ave
PCI = 38
Treatment = Rehab (Major)
Not In Inequity Area (Benefit Wt. = 1)
Assumed Cost = \$7 Million

Benefit = PCI Increase * Treatment Life Extension * Benefit Wt.

Benefit = +62 PCI * 20 Years * 1.2 = 1,488

Benefit = +62 PCI * 20 Years * 1 = 1,240

Let's assume we have a \$10 Million Budget (we can only pick one)

Benefit/Cost = 1488/\$8M = 186

Benefit/Cost = 1240/\$7M = 177

Things to Remember...



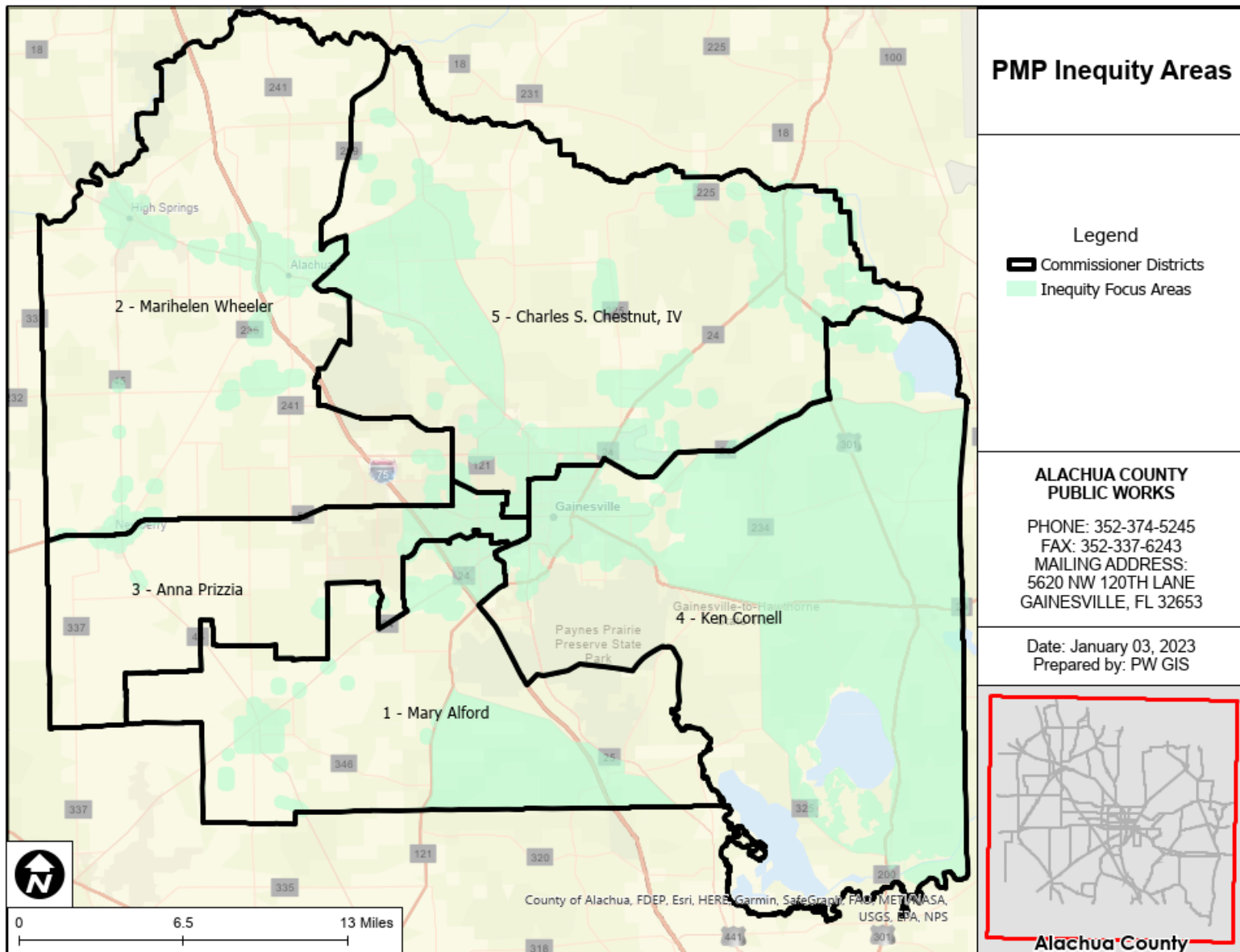
- **There are 1,831 individual road sections in the network**
- **They are all at varying conditions needing varying treatments**
- **There aren't enough funds to fix them all**
 - **The County will always have a backlog**
- **Optimization is determining which few road sections will best spend the limited funds (this builds the project work plan)**
- **When a Weight Factor is applied such as Inequity Area, it increases the attractiveness of selecting these roads over Non-Inequity Area roads**
- **The process provides the County the ability to automate project recommendations when building the CIP in an objective way**



Inequity Area Analysis Results



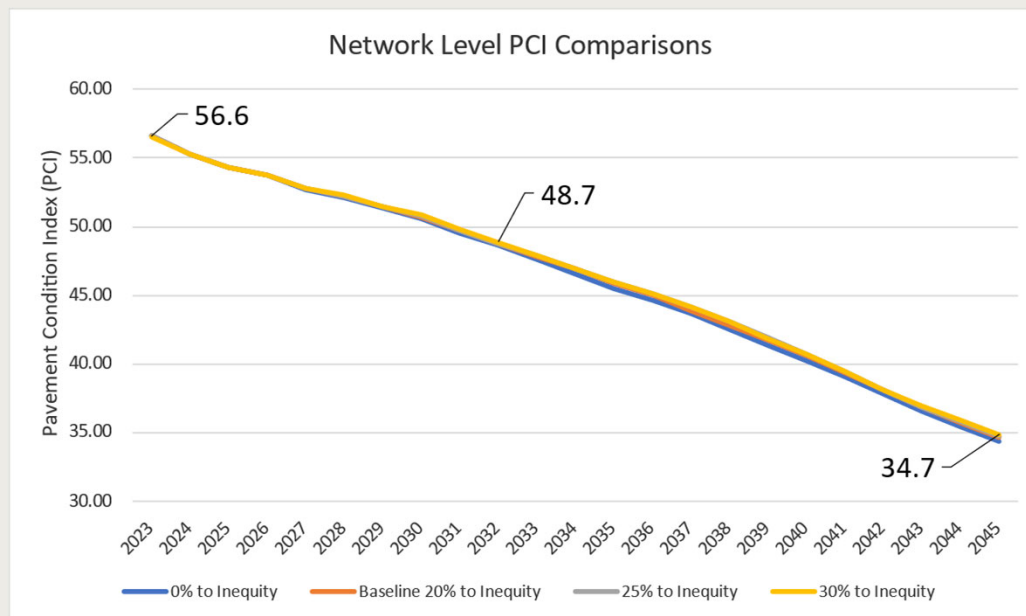
January 17, 2023





Network Pavement Condition Index (PCI) Summaries

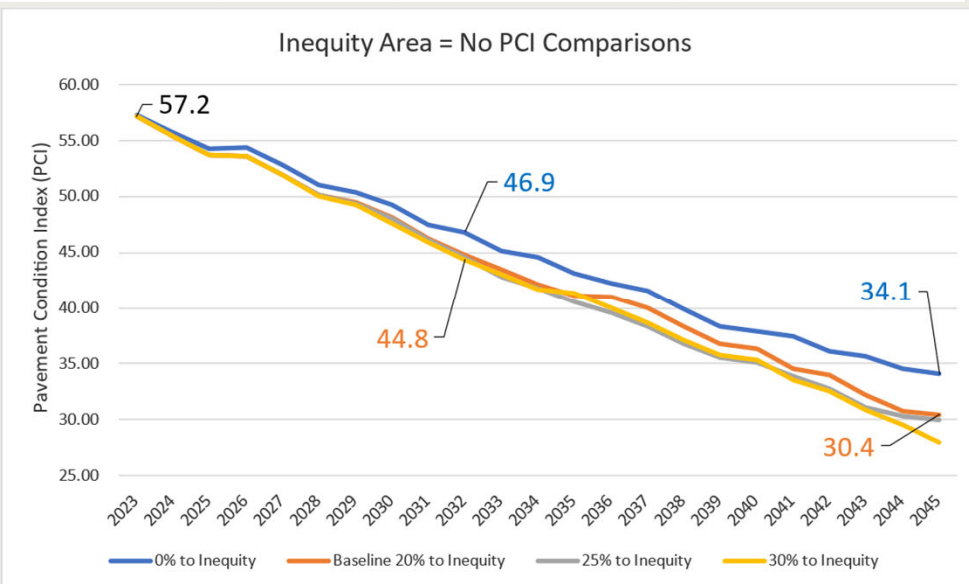
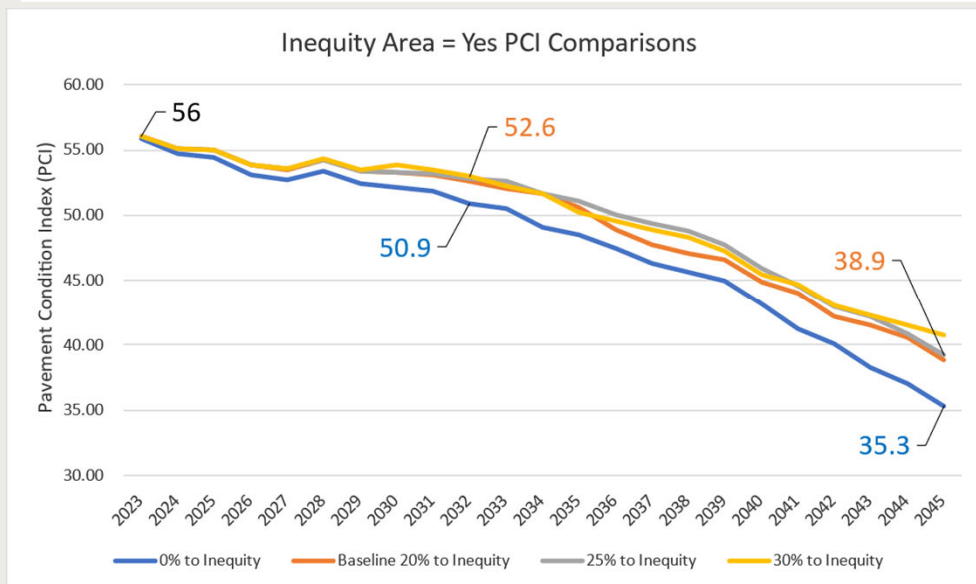
Scenario	2023 PCI	2045 PCI	2045 Change from Baseline
Baseline Budget	56.6	33.5	0
20% Inequity Area Benefit Increase	56.6	33.8	+0.3
25% Inequity Area Benefit Increase	56.6	33.9	+0.4
30% Inequity Area Benefit Increase	56.6	34	+0.5



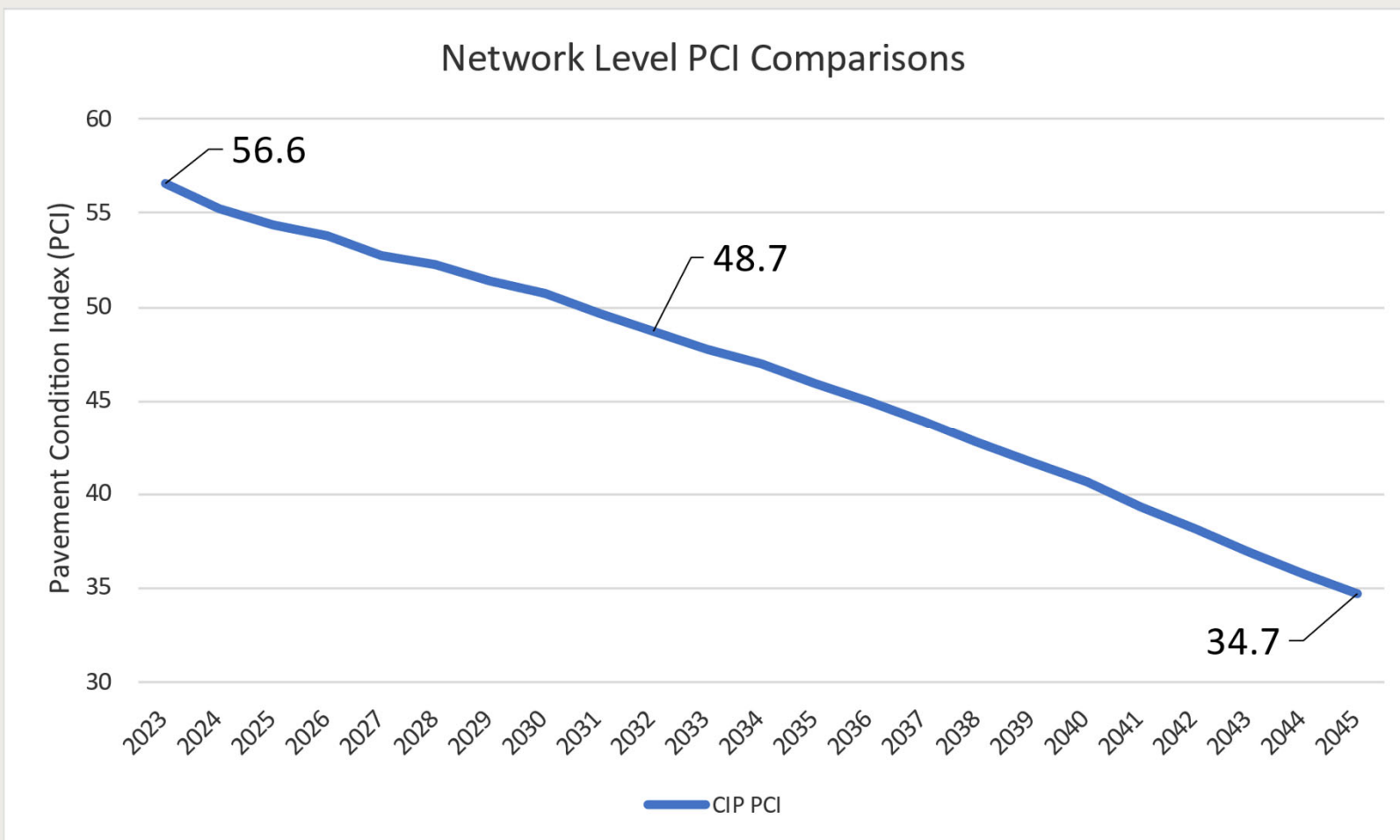


Areas of Inequity Pavement Condition Index (PCI) Summaries

Scenario	2023 PCI		2045 PCI		2045 Change from Baseline	
Inequity Area (Y/N)	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N
Baseline Budget	56	57.2	33.3	33.8	0	0
20% Inequity Area Benefit Increase	56	57.2	36.8	30.1	+3.5	-3.7
25% Inequity Area Benefit Increase	56	57.2	37.2	29.7	+3.9	-4.1
30% Inequity Area Benefit Increase	56	57.2	38.8	27.7	+5.5	-6.1



Network PCI Comparisons



Summary



- **This is a leading-edge analysis considering Inequity – very important topic in Asset Management, but few examples available from around the US**
- **Areas of Inequity currently have a lower average PCI than rest of County network**
- **Increasing Benefit Weight to Areas of Inequity will improve the network condition (PCI) in Areas of Inequity**
- **Increasing Benefit Weight to Areas of Inequity will lower the network condition (PCI) outside of Inequity Areas**

Summary



- **For the Proposed CIP, 20% Benefit Weight for Areas of Inequity was utilized.**
- **Overall, the current funding does not maintain the overall network PCI. i.e. to improve the overall network, more funds would be needed**
- **Important:**
 - **This is an analysis of limited budgets, which means not all roads can be fixed.**
 - **Not all roads get selected in the analysis.**
 - **If additional revenues are allocated, or revenues exceed projections, more roads can be selected for repairs.**