1 2 3	ALACHUA COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
4 5 6 7	ORDINANCE 19- (Alachua County Code Amendments)
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	AN ORDINANCE OF THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA, AMENDING THE ALACHUA COUNTY CODE OF ORDINANCES AMENDING CHAPTER 74, NUISANCES ARTICLE I – III; REPEALING CHAPTER 74, ARTICLE IV, LOT CLEARING AND REPLACING WITH ARTICLE IV PUBLIC NUISANCE; AND AMENDING ARTICLE V HAZARDOUS LANDS/DANGEROUS STRUCTURES; PROVIDING FOR A REPEALING CLAUSE; PROVIDING FOR MODIFICATION AT PUBLIC HEARING; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; PROVIDING FOR INCLUSION IN THE CODE; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE WHEREAS, the Alachua County Board of County Commissioners has broad authority to
19	enact ordinances and prescribe penalties for violations of those ordinances; and
20	WHEREAS, pursuant to its police powers, the Alachua County Board of
21	County Commissioners has the authority to adopt and enforce code enforcement and nuisance
22	abatement regulations; and
23	WHEREAS, the County adopted its initial Nuisance Ordinance on May 25, 1993, with
24	updates in 2018; and
25	WHEREAS, the County now desires to make amendments to the Alachua County Code
26	to create a Nuisance Abatement Ordinance; and
27	WHEREAS, the Board of County Commissioners has determined that the Alachua County
28	Code amendments that are the subject of this ordinance are consistent Florida Statutes; and,
29	WHEREAS, a duly noticed public hearing was conducted on such proposed amendments
30	on November 12, 2019, by the Board of County Commissioners, with the hearing being held after
31	5:00 o'clock p.m.;

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2	COUNTY FICKIDA
_	COUNTY, FLORIDA

- Section 1. Legislative Findings of Fact. The Board of County Commissioners of Alachua
 County, Florida, finds and declares that all the statements set forth in the preamble of this ordinance
 are true and correct.
 - Section 2. Alachua County Code. The Alachua County Code is hereby amended as shown in Exhibit A and attached hereto, including the repeal of Chapter 74, Article IV, Lot Clearing, and the adoption of Chapter 74, Article IV, Public Nuisance, in its place.
 - <u>Section 3. Modification.</u> It is the intent of the Board of County Commissioners that the provisions of this ordinance may be modified as a result of considerations that may arise during public hearings. Such modifications shall be incorporated into the final version of the ordinance adopted by the Board and filed by the Clerk to the Board.
 - <u>Section 4. Repealing Clause</u>. All ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict herewith are, to the extent of the conflict, hereby repealed.
 - Section 5. Inclusion in the Code, Scrivener's Error. It is the intention of the Board of County Commissioners of Alachua County, Florida, and it is hereby provided that, at such time as the amendments are codified, the provisions of this ordinance shall become and be made part of the Code of Ordinances of Alachua County, Florida; that the sections of this ordinance may be renumbered or re-lettered to accomplish such intention, and the word "ordinance" may be changed to "section," "article," or other appropriate designation. The correction of typographical errors that do not affect the intent of the ordinance may be authorized by the County Manager or designee, without public hearing, by filing a corrected or re-codified copy of the same with the Clerk of the Circuit Court.

1	Section 6. Ordinance to be Liberally Construed. This ordinance shall be liberally
2	construed in order to effectively carry out the purposes hereof which are deemed not to adversely
3	affect public health, safety, or welfare.
4	Section 7. Severability. If any section, phrase, sentence or portion of this ordinance is for
5	any reason held invalid or unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, such portion
6	shall be deemed a separate, distinct and independent provision, and such holding shall not affect
7	the validity of the remaining portions thereof.
8	Section 8. Effective Date. A certified copy of this ordinance shall be filed with the
9	Department of State by the Clerk of the Board of County Commissioners within ten days after
10	enactment by the Board of County Commissioners, and shall take effect upon filing with the
11	Department of State.
12	

1	DULY ADOPTED in regular session, this 12 th day of November, A.D., 2019.	
2 3 4		
5		BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF
6		ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA
7		
8		By:
9		Chair
10	ATTEST:	
11		APPROVED AS TO FORM
12 13	J. K. 'Jess' Irby, Esq.	
14		
15	(SEAL)	Alachua County Attorney
16		
17	DEPARTMENT APPROVAL	
18	AS TO CORRECTNESS	
19		
20		
21	Department of Growth Management	
22	Authorized Designee	
23 24		
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26 27		
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Exhibit A

- 3 CHAPTER 74. NUISANCES
- 4 ARTICLE I. GENERALLY
- 5 Sec. 74.13. Territorial jurisdiction.
- 6 <u>Unless otherwise provided herein, The terms and provisions of this eChapter shall apply within</u>
- 7 the unincorporated areas of Alachua County and the incorporated areas of the Town of LaCrosse.
- 8 Sec. 74.14. Personal liability of enforcement officers.
- 9 No codes enforcement officer, law enforcement officer, agent or employee of Alachua County
- shall render himself/herself personally liable for any damage that may accrue to persons or
- property as a result of any act required or permitted in the discharge of duties under this eChapter.
- 12 Any suit brought against any officer, agent, or employee of the county as a result of any act
- required or permitted in the discharge of his/her duties under this eChapter shall be defended by
- the county attorney until the final determination of the proceedings therein. Authorized personnel
- of Alachua County designated to enforce the provisions of Article IV, Public NuisanceLot
- 16 Clearing, and Article V, Hazardous Lands/Dangerous Structures, shall be immune from
- prosecution, civil or criminal, for reasonable good-faith trespass upon real property while in the
- discharge of duties of this <u>eChapter</u>.
- 19 **Sec. 74.15. Definitions.**
- For the purposes of this eChapter the following words, terms, and phrases shall have the meanings
- 21 ascribed to them as follows, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:
- 22 Abandoned property shall mean wrecked or derelict property having no value other than nominal
- salvage value, if any, which has been left abandoned and unprotected from the elements, and shall
- 24 include wrecked, inoperative, or partially dismantled motor vehicles, trailers, boats, machinery,
- 25 plumbing fixtures, furniture, and other similar articles which have no value other than nominal
- salvage value, if any, and which have been left abandoned and unprotected from the elements.
- 27 Construction and demolition debris shall mean nonhazardous material generally considered not to
- be water soluble, including, but not limited to, steel, concrete, glass, brick, asphalt roofing material,
- 29 or lumber from a construction or demolition project. Contamination of construction and demolition
- debris with any amount of other types of solid waste will cause it to be classified as other than
- 31 construction and demolition debris.
- 32 Dangerous structure shall mean any dwelling or dwelling unit which has any of the following
- 33 defects:

1 (1) One which is so damaged, decayed, dilapidated, unsanitary, unsafe, or vermin-2 infested that it creates a serious hazard to the health or safety of the occupants or the public. 3 One which lacks illumination, ventilation, or sanitation facilities adequate to protect 4 the health or safety of the occupants or the public. 5 All buildings or structures which have any or all of the following defects shall also be considered dangerous structures: 6 7 Those whose interior walls or other structural members list, lean, or buckle, or 8 the support for which has become damaged or deteriorated, to such an extent that there is a reasonable likelihood that such walls or other structural members may fall 9 10 or give way; 11 Those which have improperly distributed loads upon the floors or roofs or in which the same are overloaded or which have insufficient strength to be reasonably 12 13 safe for the purpose used; 14 Those which have been damaged by fire, wind or other causes so as to have 15 become dangerous to life, safety, or the general health and welfare of the occupants 16 or the people of Alachua County; 17 Those which have become or are so dilapidated, decayed, unsafe, unsanitary, 18 or which so utterly fail to provide the amenities essential to decent living that they 19 are unfit for human habitation, or are likely to cause sickness or disease, so as to 20 work injury to the health, safety, or general welfare of those living therein; 21 Those having light, air and sanitation facilities which are inadequate to protect 22 the health, safety, or general welfare of human beings who live or may work therein; 23 24 Those having inadequate facilities for egress in case of fire or panic, or those 25 having insufficient stairways, elevators, fire escapes, or other means of egress, according to the standards in effect when the building was constructed; 26 27 Those which have parts thereof which are so attached that there is a reasonable likelihood they may fall and injure members of the public or property in general; 28 29 Those which, because of their condition, are unsafe and are unsanitary or 30 dangerous to a degree that constitutes a hazard to the health, safety, or general welfare of the people in Alachua County; 31

- i. Those which are vacant and not sufficiently secured to prevent easy access to trespassers, loiterers and vagrants;
- j. Those which are untended or unkept to the extent that they pose a health or safety hazard.
- 5 Emergency public nuisance shall mean any property that creates or contains an emergency threat
- 6 to life, safety, and welfare of the general public or neighboring properties, (as determined by the
- 7 County Manager) even if the property has not been found in violation of the County Code by the
- 8 Codes Enforcement Board, Special Magistrate, or other court of competent jurisdiction.
- 9 Enforcing official or codes enforcement officer shall mean any authorized personnel of the Alachua
- 10 County Office of Codes Enforcement agent or employee of the county whose duty it is to assure
- 11 <u>code compliance</u>.
- 12 Hazardous lands shall mean lands unoccupied as well as occupied upon which there exists a
- 13 condition or conditions which are dangerous to the health, welfare, or safety of the public
- 14 generally, or of the occupants of surrounding properties, or of the occupants of such lands,
- including, but not limited to, lands upon which there exists a fire hazard, unsanitary conditions, or
- a dangerous nuisance attractive to children; lands upon which there exist or are maintained
- dangerous chemicals, explosives, or other hazardous substances without sufficient protection or
- control of same; lands from which there emanate noxious odors or harmful fumes or particulates;
- lands upon which there exist trash, junk, and debris of such nature and quantity as to pose a danger
- 20 to the health or safety of persons upon such lands, and lands which serve as breeding or nesting
- 21 place for mosquitos, rats, mice, poisonous snakes, dangerous wild animals, or insect vermin in
- such manner and to such extent as to pose an immediate danger to the public health and safety.
- 23 Junk shall mean any litter, debris, waste materials of any kind, dead or decaying vegetation or
- vegetative refuse, dead animals, used or unserviceable automobile and machinery parts, used and
- 25 nonfunctional furniture and appliances, and used and nonfunctional tools, equipment, and
- 26 implements, but shall not include compost piles for normal, personal noncommercial use.
- 27 Law enforcement officer shall mean any officer of the Florida Highway Patrol, county sheriff's
- 28 office, municipal law enforcement departments, or the Florida Game and Fresh Water Fish
- 29 Commission.
- 30 *Litter* shall mean any garbage, rubbish, trash, refuse, can, bottle, container, paper, tobacco product,
- 31 tire, appliance, mechanical equipment or part, building or construction material, tool, machinery,
- 32 wood, motor vehicle or motor vehicle part, vessel, aircraft, farm machinery or equipment, sludge
- from a waste treatment facility, water supply treatment plant, or air pollution control facility, or
- 34 substance in any form resulting from domestic, industrial, commercial, mining, agricultural, or
- 35 governmental operations.

- 1 Owner or tenant shall mean any owner, lessee or person in possession of any lot, tract, or other
- 2 parcel of land.
- 3 Person shall mean any individual, firm, sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, or
- 4 unincorporated association.
- 5 Private property shall mean property owned by any person as defined herein, including, but not
- 6 limited to, yards, grounds, driveways, entrances or passageways, parking areas, storage areas, any
- 7 body of water, vacant land, and recreation facilities.
- 8 Public property shall mean any area that is used or held out for use by the public, whether owned
- 9 or operated by public or private interests, including, but not limited to, highways, streets, alleys,
- parks, recreation areas, sidewalks, medians, lakes, rivers, streams, ponds, or other bodies of water.
- 11 Rubbish shall mean waste material other than garbage, which material is usually attendant to
- domestic households or housekeeping, and the premises upon which such household is located,
- and shall include, but not be limited to, paper, sweepings, rags, bottles, cans, or other similar waste
- 14 material of any kind.
- 15 Trash shall mean debris such as paper, cardboard, cloth, glass, vehicle tires, and other similar
- 16 matter.
- 17 Unserviceable vehicle shall mean any vehicle required to be licensed by the state if used on public
- streets which remains for a period of 30 calendar days in such condition that it cannot be started
- or moved under its own power, or in its normal and usual manner, without repair or the addition
- of parts, and/or which is unlicensed for a period of 30 calendar days, or does not have a valid tag
- 21 <u>displayed in plain view</u>, but does not include any licensed automobile which is more than 20 years
- 22 old which is undergoing active repair or restoration for display, use, or sale as an antique.
- 23 Vehicle shall mean every device capable of being moved upon a public highway or public
- 24 waterway and in, upon, or by which any person or property may be transported or drawn upon a
- 25 public highway or public waterway, including any watercraft, boat, ship, vessel, barge, or other
- 26 floating craft, or which is used exclusively upon stationary rails or tracks, or which is used
- exclusively for agricultural purposes and not licensed pursuant to state law and is not operated on
- any public highway for purposes other than crossing such public highway or along such highway
- between two tracts.
- 30 White goods shall mean inoperative or discarded refrigerators, ranges, washers, water heaters, and
- 31 other similar domestic and commercial appliances.

ARTICLE II. – LITTERING

2 Sec. 74.16. - Violations.

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- 3 It is unlawful for any person to drop, deposit, discard, or otherwise dispose of litter in or
- 4 upon any public or private property including, but not restricted to, any street, sidewalk, park, body
- 5 of water, vacant parcel, or occupied lot, except in public litter receptacles or in authorized private
- 6 litter receptacles provided for public use, or in an area lawfully established and maintained as a
- 7 garbage or waste disposal site, sanitary landfill or permitted junkyard.
- 8 It shall be unlawful to drive or move any vehicle on any street or highway unless such vehicle
- 9 is constructed or loaded to prevent any of its load from dropping, sifting, leaking, or otherwise
- 10 escaping therefrom; provided, however, that sand or any substance to increase traction, or water,
- 11 or other substance, may be applied on a roadway by the state or local government agency having
- 12 such responsibilities.
- 13 It shall be unlawful to drive, move, stop, or park on any street or highway any vehicle being
- 14 used to transport litter or other items likely to fall or be blown from such vehicle, unless such
- 15 vehicle is covered to prevent its contents from blowing, dropping, or falling from such vehicle.

16 Sec. 74.16.5. - Signs on county property.

- 17 Unauthorized or unpermitted signs located on property owned by Alachua County, including
- 18 county owned rights-of-way, are hereby declared to be litter and may be removed and disposed of
- 19 as such. This section is applicable countywide, including within those municipalities that do not
- 20 opt-out of this section.

21 Sec. 74.17. - Enforcement.

- 22 It shall be the duty of all codes enforcement officers and law enforcement officers as defined in
- 23 section 74.15 to enforce the provisions of this aArticle. Violations of this aArticle may be referred
- 24 to the Alachua County Codes Enforcement Board enforced pursuant to chapter 24 section 10.08
- 25 of the Alachua County Code of Ordinances.

26 Sec. 74.18. - Penalty.

- 27 Persons cited for violations of this aArticle shall, upon adjudication of guilteonviction, be punished
- 28 as provided in section 10.08 of the Alachua County Code of Ordinances. The court shall impose
- 29 an additional penalty of picking up litter or performing other community service work.

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1 ARTICLE III. - ACCUMULATION OF JUNK; UNSERVICEABLE VEHICLES

2 Sec. 74.19. - Findings.

- 3 The Board of County Commissioners of Alachua County, Florida, hereby finds that the
- 4 accumulation of junk and/or the storage of unserviceable vehicles on privately owned lands, except
- 5 in lawfully established and maintained junkyards, garbage or waste disposal sites, or sanitary
- 6 landfills, creates health hazards and attractive nuisances and impairs the economic welfare of
- 7 adjoining properties. Such accumulation of junk and/or storage of unserviceable vehicles in
- 8 violation of this aArticle is hereby prohibited and declared to be a public nuisance.

9 **Sec. 74.20. - Violations.**

- 10 (a) It shall be unlawful for <u>any person</u>, including the owner of any land, to permit, cause, or have
- 11 thereon any accumulation of junk, except for junk stored in enclosed litter receptacles or
- 12 completely enclosed buildings, except for junk which will not fit into standard-sized litter
- 13 receptacles and which is set out for no more than 48 hours for pickup and removal; except for
- recyclable material stored in receptacles provided for recycling of such material; except for junk
- stored in a lawfully established and maintained junkyard, garbage or waste disposal site, or sanitary
- landfill; and except for accumulations of vegetative wastes in agricultural districts.
- 17 (b) It shall be unlawful for any person, including the owner of any land, to cause, permit or have
- stored thereon any unserviceable vehicle, except for unserviceable vehicles stored on the premises
- of a lawfully established and maintained junkyard, vehicle repair business, garbage or waste
- disposal site, or sanitary landfill; and except for vehicles stored within a completely enclosed
- 21 building.
- 22 (c) It shall be unlawful for any owner, agent, contractor, or other person in charge of a
- construction, demolition, or development site to cause or permit the accumulation of junk or litter
- 24 thereon, except in enclosed litter receptacles; to fail to furnish on-site litter receptacles; or to leave
- 25 unused construction materials on the site for more than seven <u>calendar</u> days after the completion
- of the development, demolition, or construction, or the expiration of the permit therefor. Open
- burning of litter on construction sites shall be prohibited, except for the burning of vegetative
- debris as approved and permitted by the Florida Division of Forestry.

29 **Sec. 74.21. - Enforcement.**

- 30 It shall be the duty of the Alachua County Office of Codes Enforcement to enforce the provisions
- 31 of this article. Violations of this article may be referred to the Alachua County Codes Enforcement
- 32 Board for enforcement pursuant to chapter 24 of the Alachua Code of Ordinances. In addition, the
- 33 office of codes enforcement may enforce this article through the use of citation powers in

- 1 accordance with Ordinance No. 93-14 (chapter 24, article II of this Code), as amended, and as
- 2 provided for in F.S. ch. 162, pt. II (F.S. § 162.21 et seq.).
- 3 It shall be the duty of all codes enforcement officers and law enforcement officers, as defined in
- 4 section 74.15, to enforce the provisions of this Article. Violations of this Article may be enforced
- 5 pursuant to section 10.08 of the Alachua County Code of Ordinances.
- 6 Sec. 74.22. Penalty.
- 7 Persons cited for violations of this aArticle shall, upon conviction, be subject to the corrective
- 8 action required by the Alachua County Codes Enforcement Board, or shall be subject to fines as
- 9 provided for in cChapter 24 of the Alachua County Code. In addition, persons issued citations for
- 10 violations are subject to fines as provided for in Ordinance No. 93-14 (cChapter 24, aArticle II of
- this Code), as amended by the board of county commissioners.
- 12 Persons cited for violations of this Article shall, upon adjudication of guilt, be punished as provided
- in section 10.08 of the Alachua County Code of Ordinances.
- 14 ARTICLE IV PUBLIC NUISANCE
- 15 Section 74.23 Public Nuisance Abatement Criteria
- 16 This Article applies within the unincorporated area of Alachua County. Any property within
- 17 unincorporated Alachua County that creates or contains an emergency threat to life, safety, and
- welfare of the general public or neighboring properties is hereby declared a public nuisance, even
- 19 if the property has not been found in violation of the County Code by the Codes Enforcement
- 20 Board, Special Magistrate, or other court of competent jurisdiction. Additionally, any property
- 21 within unincorporated Alachua County that has an ongoing code violation of any section of the
- Alachua County Code and poses a risk to the health, safety, and welfare of the general public or
- 23 neighboring properties, including the economic welfare of adjacent properties, is hereby declared
- 24 a public nuisance. The County may utilize this Article to correct the violations on a property
- 25 constituting a public nuisance and levy a non-ad valorem special assessment to recover the costs,
- as provided herein.
- 27 <u>Section 74.24 Duty of the Property Owners of Nuisance Property</u>
- 28 It shall be the duty of every owner of any lot, tract, or parcel of land subject to this Article to
- reasonably avoid violations and mitigate existing violations described in section 74.23 of the
- 30 Alachua County Code.

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Section 74.25 – Public Nuisance Constituting an Emergency Threat

2 For all public nuisances that pose an imminent threat to life, safety, or welfare, the County, its 3 authorized representatives, and its contractors may enter onto the nuisance property to remedy the 4 nuisance in a manner sufficient to address the emergency threat to life, safety, or welfare posed by 5 the nuisance property. When considering whether there is an imminent threat, the County should 6 consider whether the condition creates an attractive nuisance, whether there is a potential for the 7 spread of disease, whether there is structural instability that threatens the safety of occupants or 8 neighbors, and other relevant factors. Under this section, the County, its authorized representatives, 9 and its contractors may only enter the property with prior authorization of the County Manager 10 and may remedy the condition of the property posing the emergency threat to the minimum extent necessary to abate the immediate threat to life, safety, or welfare. If unable to notify the property 11 12 owner, or responsible person, prior to abating the nuisance posing a threat, the County should 13 notice the record property owner in accordance with section 74.27 of this Article as soon thereafter 14 as practicable and may recover the full cost of the abatement from the owner or responsible party 15 by sending an invoice to the property owner, responsible person(s), or both, if applicable. If the 16 invoice remains unpaid 90 calendar days after receipt, the County may proceed with the process 17 for levying a non-ad valorem special assessment on the property in accordance with this Article to 18 recover the full costs already incurred by the County. After abating the emergency threat posed by 19 the nuisance property, the County may follow the process for non-emergency public nuisance 20 properties in section 74.26 of this Article. The total costs incurred by the County in abating the 21 public nuisance constituting an emergency threat to life, safety, or welfare may be recovered by 22 the County after the emergency threat is abated. The County may take any action available at law 23 or equity to collect the costs incurred under this Article, including the imposition and collection of 24 non-ad valorem assessments levied pursuant to this Chapter and Chapter 197, Florida Statutes.

Section 74.26 – Public Nuisances Not Constituting an Emergency Threat

For all public nuisances that do not pose an imminent threat to life, safety, or welfare, the County, its authorized representatives, and its contractors may enter onto the nuisance property to remedy the nuisance in a manner sufficient to address the threat to life, safety, or welfare posed by the condition of the subject property. Under this section, the County, its authorized representatives, and its contractors may only enter the property with prior authorization of the Alachua County Board of County Commissioners and may remedy the condition of the property creating the nuisance to the extent necessary to completely abate the nuisance. Prior to abating the public nuisance on the property under this section, the County must notice the record property owner in accordance with section 74.27 of this Article.

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Section 74.27 – Notice of Public Nuisance Prohibited Conditions

- (a) If the County finds and determines at any time that a public nuisance, as described in section 74.23 of this Article, exists it shall notify the record owner of the property in writing and demand that the owner remedy the condition in accordance with the provisions of this Article. This notice should provide that if the property owner does not remedy the noticed conditions within 30 calendar days from the date thereof, County staff may request authorization from the Board of County Commissioners to enter onto the public nuisance property and completely abate the nuisance to address the threat to life, safety, and welfare posed by the property. The notice should also inform the record property owner that if the Board of County Commissioners authorizes County staff and contractors to abate the nuisance, the County may recover the cost thereof, including through a non-ad valorem special assessment on the property. This notice is not required prior to abatement of a public nuisance constituting an emergency threat pursuant to section 74.25 of this Article.
 - (b) The County shall mail the notice certified mail return receipt requested to the address listed in the tax collector's office for tax notices or to the address listed in the county property appraiser's database. The County may also provide an additional notice to any other address it may find for the property owner. For property owned by a corporation, notices may be provided by certified mail to the registered agent of the corporation. If any notice sent by certified mail is not signed as received within 7 calendar days after the postmarked date of mailing, or if such notice is returned as undeliverable, notice may be provided by any of the following:
 - (1) Hand delivery to the occupant of the property or upon any agent of the owner thereof, by the sheriff or other law enforcement officer, codes enforcement officer, or other person designated by the County;
 - (2) Leaving the notice at the owner's usual place of residence with any person residing therein who is above 15 years of age and informing such person of the contents of the notice;
 - (3) In the case of commercial premises, leaving the notice with the manager or other person in charge.
 - (4) Posting. Notice may be accomplished by physically posting the notice upon such property and the Civil Courthouse. The notice, when posted on the property, may not be less than eight inches by ten inches and must be sufficiently weatherproofed to withstand normal exposure to the elements. Proof of posting the property and the Courthouse shall be by affidavit of the person posting the notice, which affidavit shall include a copy of the notice posted and the date and places of its posting.

(5) Notice by publication or posting may run concurrently with, or may follow, an attempt 2 or attempts to provide notice by hand delivery or by mail.

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- Evidence that an attempt has been made to hand deliver or mail notice, together with proof of publication or posting, shall be sufficient to show that the notice requirements of this part have been met, without regard to whether or not the alleged violator actually received such notice.
 - (c) If the property owner fails to abate the nuisance by addressing the conditions described in the notice within the 30 calendar days provided, County staff shall send a separate notice to the property owners with the date and time at which the Board of County Commissioners will consider whether to authorize the County to abate the public nuisance. The process for notice of the Board of County Commissioner's meeting must be provided in accordance with the process for notice provided in this section.

Section 74.28 - Nuisance Abatement on Property by County - Authorized; Assessment of **Costs**; Notice of non-ad valorem Special Assessment

- (a) For all non-emergency public nuisances, if the nuisance condition has not been remedied within 30 calendar days of mailing, serving, or posting the notice required under this Article, whichever occurs last, the Board of County Commissioners, at a public meeting may authorize County staff, authorized representatives, and contractors to enter the property and cause the condition to be remedied at the expense of the property owner. At the public meeting, the Board should consider whether there is an ongoing code violation of any section of the Alachua County Code on the property and whether the condition of the property poses a risk to the health, safety, and welfare of the general public or neighboring properties, including the economic welfare of adjacent properties. At the County's option, nuisance abatement may be performed either by the County or by service contract for the County. Any articles of property removed by the County during the process of nuisance abatement may be destroyed or sold for salvage and the County may retain the salvage value, if any, of such article or articles, to be applied against the cost of removal and destruction thereof.
- (b) After causing a nuisance to be abated, the County shall certify to the director of Finance and Accounting the expense incurred in remedying the condition, which should include any incidental expenses. Once certified, the County will provide an invoice to the property owner and any additional responsible person. The property owner and additional responsible person(s) will be permitted 90 calendar days to remit payment for the invoice to the County, after which the Board of County Commissioners, at a public meeting, may authorize the levying of a non-ad valorem special assessment on the property for the unpaid costs incurred by the County in abating the nuisance. Any non-ad valorem special

1	assessment levied pursuant to this Article is equal in dignity with a lien for ad valorem
2	taxes, provided, however, that no such non-ad valorem assessment may become effective
3	until the procedure for levying non-ad valorem assessments, as provided in Chapter 197,
4	Florida Statutes, is satisfied. If publication is necessary for individual properties, the cost
5	of such publication may be added to the amount of such assessment.

(c) The County must comply with the requirements of Chapter 197, Florida Statutes, and, as applicable, Chapter 37 of the Alachua County Code, to levy and collect a non- ad valorem assessment on the property, imposed under this Article.

Section 74.28.1 - Collection

- 10 The County may take any action available at law or equity to recover the total costs incurred to
- abate the nuisance, including actions necessary to collect any non-ad valorem assessment levied
- 12 pursuant to this Article.

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13 ARTICLE V. - HAZARDOUS LANDS/DANGEROUS STRUCTURES

- 14 Sec. **74.29**. Prohibited.
- 15 It shall be unlawful for any person, including any owner of real property subject to this eChapter,
- 16 to create, keep, maintain, or allow the existence of any hazardous land or dangerous structure, as
- defined in section 74.15, in or on such real property.
- 18 Sec. 74.30. Standards for repair, vacation, demolition, boarding and sealing, or abatement.
- 19 The following minimum standards shall be followed by the enforcing official in ordering repair,
- 20 vacation, demolition, board and seal, and abatement:
- 21 (1) The owner of a dangerous structure shall be given the option, wherever possible, of 22 either demolishing the building or repairing it so that it will no longer exist in violation of 23 the terms of this aArticle.
 - (2) If a dangerous structure is in such condition as to make it dangerous to the health, safety, or general welfare of its occupants, it shall be condemned as unfit for human habitation and declared to be a nuisance and shall be so designated and placarded by the enforcing official. The structure shall be ordered to be vacated and may be boarded and sealed until such time as the dangerous structure is repaired so that it is no longer in violation of the terms of this <u>aArticle</u>. The following minimum vacant property standards shall be adhered to when board and seal is ordered:

1 Exterior grade sheathing plywood of three-eighths of an inch thickness or 2 greater shall be used to fully cover all windows, doors and other openings which 3 may allow access to the interior of the building. 4 Plywood covers shall be nailed, screwed or bolted firmly over each opening. 5 No splices or joints of any kind shall occur over openings. Plywood shall not project 6 beyond the outside edges of casings around openings, or, in the absence of casing, 7 shall project no further than six inches beyond the openings. 8 Nails shall be a minimum of 8D common hot dip galvanized nails. Screws 9 shall be a minimum of no. 10 wood screws. Bolts shall be approved by the enforcing 10 official prior to use. 11 Nails or screws shall not be spaced more than 12 inches on center along edges nor more than one inch from each corner. 12 13 The exterior surfaces of all structures shall be protected against the elements and loss of aesthetic value by the application of paint or other approved protective 14 15 materials applied in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. 16 (3) In any case where hazardous lands exist, the hazardous conditions existing upon the lands 17 shall be declared a nuisance and shall be ordered to be abated by the means least expensive 18 and least detrimental to the owner's property and to the public environment. 19 (4) Whenever the certified building official determines that a structure is damaged, 20 deteriorated or defective to such an extent that the cost of restoration or repair thereof 21 will exceed 50 percent of the assessed value thereof, the certified building official may 22 order the demolition or removal of the structure. If the owner does not demolish or 23 remove the structure within 30 calendar days, and no appeal has been requested, the 24 certified building official may cause the demolition or removal of the structure. 25 (5) Emergency order. When public safety requires immediate action, the certified building 26 official may cause the structure to be secured or taken down without delay, at the expense 27 of the owner, occupant, operator or other interested party. The County may then recover 28 the costs in accordance with Article IV of this Chapter. 29 Sec. 74.31. - Right of entry of enforcing officials. 30 The enforcing official or designated his/her agent is authorized and directed to lawfully enter and 31 inspect all structures and to lawfully go upon and inspect all lands subject to this eChapter at 32 reasonable times to determine their condition in order to safeguard the health, safety and welfare

of the public, or upon receipt of complaints or when there is reasonablehe has cause to believe a

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violation of this aArticle exists.

Sec. 74.32. - Enforcement procedures.

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- (a) Designation of unfit dwellings as dangerous structures and legal procedure for the condemnation of such structures shall be in accordance with the Standard Housing Code, 1991 edition, as adopted by Ordinance No. 92-13. The Standard Housing Code, 1991 edition, provides for form of notice, service of notice, time requirements for vacation of a condemned building, prohibition of occupancy of a condemned and placarded building, and prohibition of removal of placards from condemned buildings.
- (b) If the office of codes enforcement determines the existence of hazardous lands, it shall so notify the record owner of the property in writing and demand that the owner cause the condition to be remedied or abated in accordance with the provisions of this <u>aArticle</u>, <u>unless</u> the condition is a public nuisance that poses an imminent threat to health, safety, or welfare and the County Manager authorizes the abatement of the nuisance in accordance with this <u>Chapter</u>.

Section 74.33 – Appeals Collection

- 15 Appeals for this article shall be made before the housing board of adjustments and appeals as
- provided for in the Standard Housing Code, 1991 edition, as adopted by Ordinance No. 92-13.
- 17 The County may take any action available at law or equity to collect the costs incurred under this
- 18 Article, including the imposition and collection of non-ad valorem assessments levied pursuant to
- 19 this Chapter and Chapter 197, Florida Statutes.
- 20 **Sec. 74.34. Penalty.**
- 21 Persons cited for violations of this article shall, upon conviction, be subject to the corrective action
- 22 required by the Alachua County Codes Enforcement Board, or shall be subject to fines as provided
- 23 for in chapter 24 of the Alachua County Code. Article may be subject to the penalties as provided
- 24 in section 10.08 of the Alachua County Code, or any other remedy available at law or equity.